GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:4892
ANSWERED ON:27.04.2005
PILOT PROJECT ON DISEASE SURVEILLANCE
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Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has launched a pilot project on disease surveillance;

(b) if so, the number of districts covered under the project by 2004,State- wise;

(c) whether many States have not been able to utilize the funds released or carry out the programme;

(d) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(e) the efforts made by the Government to integrate all the on-going surveillance under various disease control programme into a single programme for disease surveillance and develop a comprehensive disease surveillance programme at district level?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE (SMT. PANABAKA LAKSHMI)

(a): The Government launched National Surveillance Programme for Communicable Diseases (NSPCD) as a pilot project in 1997-98.

(b): The programme covered 101 districts of all States/Union Territories. The details of districts covered State-wise and year-wise are given in the annexure.

(c) & (d): Only few States like Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Meghalaya, Jharkhand, Uttaranachal and Mizoram have not been able to utilize the funds.

(e): The Government has decided to integrate all the on-going surveillance activities under various disease control programmes under Integrated Disease Surveillance Project (IDSP), which was launched in November 2004. This project aims at deve3loping decentralized surveillance system at district level.

ANNEXURE

Year and state wise districts taken up under National Surveillance Programme for Communicable Diseases during 1997-98 to 2001-02

Sl.No.	Name of State	Districts				
	1997-98	1998-99	2000-01	2001-2002	Total	
1.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	-	-	1. Port Blair	1
2.	Andhra Pradesh	1. East Godawari 2. Mahboob Nagar	1. Vishadapatnam	1. Guntur 2. Medak	2 Cuddapah	6
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	3. East Siang	1
4.	Assam	-	-	3. Silchar 4. Dibrugarh 5. Jorhat	4. Dhubri	4
5.	Bihar	3. Muzaffarpur 4. Samastipur	-	-	-	2
6.	Chandigarh	-	-	6. Chandigarh	-	1
7.	Chattisgarh	5. Bastar#	-	7. Surguja		2
8.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	5. Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1
9.	Daman & Diu				6. Daman & Diu	1
10.	Delhi	-	2. Civil Lines	8. North	-	3

			3. Shahdara North			
11.	Goa	-	4. Goa	-	-	1
12.	Gujarat	6. Banaskantha 7. Mehsana 8. Surat	5. Jamnagar	9. Ahmadabad 10. Katch	-	6
13.	Haryana	9. Bhiwani 10. Gurgaon 11. Sonepat	6. Kamal	11. Ambala	-	5
14.	Himachal Pradesh	-	7. Hamirpur 8. Solan	-	-	2+1*
15.	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	12. Jammu	7. Kupwara 8. Leh	3
16.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	9. Ranchi 10.Palameu	2
17.	Karnataka	12. Bellary 13. Bijapur 14. Kolar	-	-	-	3
18.	Kerala	15. Alleppey 16. Calicut 17. Kottayam	9. Emakulam	13. Trichur	-	5
19.	Lakshadweep	-	10. Lakshadweep	-	-	1
20.	Madhya Pradesh	18. Bhopal	11. Bhind 12. Morena	14. Guna	11. Dhar	5
21.	Maharashtra	19. Dhule 20. Satara	13. Sindhudurg	15. Chandrapur	12. Beed	5
22.	Manipur	-	14. Imphal	-	-	1
23.	Meghalaya	-	-	16. Khasi Hills	-	1
24.	Mizoram	-	-	-	13. Aizawl	1
25.	Nagaland	-	-	-	14. Kohima	1
26.	Orissa	-	15. Koraput	17. Cuttak 18. Sambalpur	15. Ganjam	4
27.	Punjab	-	-	19. Ludhiana 20. Jalandhar 21. Patiala	16. Ferozepur	4
28.	Pondicherry	-	16. Pondicherry	22. Yanam	-	2
29.	Rajasthan	21. Alwar 22. Jodhpur 23. Udaipur	17. Ajmer	23. Kota 24. Sikar 25. Sirohi	-	7
30.	Sikkim	-	-	26. Sikkim East	17. Sikkim West	2
31.	Tamil Nadu	-	18. Dharmapuri 19. Madurai	27. Coimbatore 28. Salem	18. Villupuram	5
32.	Tripura	-	-	29. North 30. South	-	2
33.	Uttar Pradesh	24. Varanasi	20. Ghaziabad	31. Gorakhpur 32. Lucknow	19. Rai Bareilly	5
34.	Uttaranchal	25. Hardwar#	-	-	20. Nainital	2
35.	West Bengal	-	-	33. Howrah 34. Murshidabad 35. Burdwan	-	3
Total	35	25	20	35	20	100+1
Cumulative Total	35	25	45	80	100	101

Shimla district has been included during 2002-03
Bastar District in undivided Madhya Pradesh has become a part of ChattisgarhState,
$ Hardwar District in undivided Uttar Pradesh has become a part of Uttaranchal state.